Enhanced bending and high field performance of CORC[®] cables and wires for accelerator magnets

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CORC[®] cables and wires: the previous generation

CORC[®] wires (2.5 – 4.5 mm diameter)

- Wound from 2 3 mm wide tapes with 25 and 30 μm substrates
- Allow bending to 30 mm radius at >80 % I_c retention
- $J_e(4.2 \text{ K}, 20 \text{ T}) = 451 \text{ A/mm}^2$ (record R&D sample), 300 A/mm² (with production tapes)
- *I*_c(20 T) = 3,000 4,000 A

Inserts for 20 T canted-cosine theta accelerator magnets

- Require 20 mm radius at >90 % I_c retention
- Require $J_e(20 \text{ T})$ of 500 600 A/mm² with production tapes
- I_c(4.2 K, 20 T) of 5,000 20,000 A

CORC® cable (5 – 8 mm diameter)

- Wound from 3 4 mm wide tapes with $30 50 \mu$ m substrates
- Allow bending to 50 70 mm radius, depending on configuration
- J_e(4.2 K, 10 T) = 600 800 A/mm² (production tapes)

Potential for large aperture CCT outserts

- CORC[®] CCT 10 12 T outsert operating at 4.2 K
- CORC[®] CCT stand-alone 8 10 T at 20 K





The CCT magnet program at LBNL has been one of the major drivers for CORC[®] magnet wire development. Remaining shortcomings of CORC[®] wires need to be address to ultimately reach a 20 T dipole field.

1. Addressing the supply chain issues of REBCO tapes with 30 μm substrates

- Qualification of REBCO tapes from SuperOx (now Faraday Factory) and Shanghai Superconductor Technologies
- Working with High-temperature Superconductors Inc. to developing a robust domestic supply chain

2. Development of next generation CORC[®] wires and cabled with improved bending performance

- CORC[®] wires allowing for 20 mm bending radius, and possibly smaller
- CORC[®] cables allowing for 40 mm bending radius

3. Reaching new operating currents and current densities in CORC[®] wires

- Raising the in-field J_e and I_c values in CORC[®] wires to new heights
- Focusing on production REBCO tapes, no longer on record R&D samples





CORC[®] wire development for LBNL's CCT magnets

Program goal to reach 20 T dipole field by

- Demonstrating stand-alone CCT magnets at 1 T, 3 T, 5 T and 8 10 T
- Combining a 12 15 T LTS CCT outsert with a 5 8 T CORC[®] CCT insert

Successful demonstration of 1.2 T (CCT-C1)

- First 2-layer coil wound from low-J_e 16-tape CORC[®] wire to learn the magnet winding procedures
- Generated 1.2 T at 4.5 kA

Successful demonstration of 2.9 T (CCT-C2)

- 4-Layer coil wound from medium-J_e 30-tape CORC[®] wire resulting in significant stresses
- Designed with 30 mm radius bend at poles
- Generated 2.9 T at 6.5 kA



A 1.2-T canted cos ϑ dipole magnet using hightemperature superconducting CORC[®] wires, X. Wang, et al., Supercond. Sci. Technol. **32**, 075002 (2019)







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Current (kA)



1.2

1.0

€ 0.8

CORC[®] wire development for magnet CCT-C3 (5 T)

How to reach 5 T in CCT-C3?

- Magnet containing 6 layers with 40 turns each, requiring 145 meters of CORC[®] wire
- Again using 30 mm bending radius at poles
- Develop high-J_e CORC[®] wire from 30 tapes using SuperPower's new "HM" formulation



- Order placed March 2019 for 12 km of SCS-2030 HM tape with minimum I_c (4 K, 6 T) of 400 A
- REBCO tape order fulfilled in May 2022 => 3 years delivery time!





Challenges with SuperPower HM tape for cabling into CORC® wires

Sub-par mechanical robustness of many batched prevented cabling into CORC[®] wires with 2.55 mm core

- Substrate thickness determines the smallest core size of CORC® wires
- 30 μm substrates allow 2.3 mm thick cores, as long as the ceramic films are mechanically "robust"
- Many batches of SuperPower HM tape failed at much larger core size



Line indicates CORC[®] wire core size

Cause remains unknown. "Weak" tape batches were rejected and replaced by SuperPower



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Challenges with SuperPower HM tape for cabling into CORC® wires (Cont.)

CORC® wires became less flexible due to very high surface roughness of latest SuperPower tapes

- CORC[®] wire bending performance is largely determined by friction between tapes
- CORC[®] wires wound from pre-2020 SuperPower tapes allow bending to 30 mm radius
- High surface roughness of post-2020 SuperPower tapes caused loss of CORC[®] wire flexibility

CCT-C2 (AP based) CORC[®] wire

- $70 80 \% I_c$ retention at 30 mm radius
- Ok, not great



HM tape based CORC[®] wire

- $60 65 \% I_c$ retention at 30 mm radius
- Unacceptable!



Flexibility ultimately restored (later slides) and CCT-C3 CORC[®] wire delivered December 2023



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REBCO tape qualification with 30 μm substrates from different vendors



2. SuperOx (tapes purchased in 2019 before they became Faraday Factory)

- Reversible change in I_c of almost 20 % due to winding strain
- Standard tapes (2.5 μm thick REBCO layers): smallest core 3.0 mm
- Special batch (1.5 μm thick REBCO layers): Smallest core 2.55 mm

SuperOx tapes with 30 μm substrates

- Require larger cores that reduce J_e
- Are no longer available

3. Shanghai Superconductor Technologies

- Order of 5 km Shanghai Superconductor tape with 30 μm substrate was delivered within 4 months
- All batches measured so far allow winding onto 2.2 2.4 mm thick cores
- Pinning comparable to SuperPower AP tapes

Shanghai Superconductor remains the only vendor worldwide of REBCO tapes with 30 μm substrates











CORC[®] wires with improved bending flexibility: SuperPower HM tapes

New CORC® wire manufacturing process (P2)

- Recovers bending flexibility when using "rough" tapes (such as latest SuperPower tapes)
- Allows for even smaller bending diameters than previous generation CORC[®] wires



SuperPower HM 30-tape CORC[®] wire

Extracted tape I_c after bending to 25 mm radius

Next generation 30-tape CORC® wire bending (SuperPower HM tapes)

- I_c retention 91.8 % at 25 mm radius bend and around 78 % at 17.5 mm radius bend
- Should provide CCT-C3 with much larger margin in I_c than the 70 % used in its design

CORC[®] wires with improved bending flexibility: SuperOx tapes

SuperOx tape CORC[®] wire details

- Larger core of 3.2 mm thickness results in 4.15 mm thick CORC[®] wire
- Manufactured with process P2

Next generation 30-tape CORC[®] wire bending (SuperOx tapes)

- *I*_c retention 86.5 % at 25 mm radius bend
- Lower mechanical resilience of SuperOx tapes likely also affect bending performance
- Larger core likely has an impact on bending performance (higher tape pressure during bending)

CORC[®] wires with improved bending flexibility: Shanghai Superconductor tapes

Next generation 30-tape CORC[®] wire bending (Shanghai Superconductor tapes)

- *I*_c retention **97.5 % at 20 mm bend radius**, and 83.5 % at 15 mm bend radius
- CORC[®] wires wound from Shanghai Superconductor tapes now allow CCT magnets with 20 mm radius bends

CORC[®] cables with improved bending flexibility

CORC® cable details

- Shanghai Superconductor CORC[®] cable made with procedure P4
- 4.2 mm core, 24 tapes of 4 mm width and 30 μm substrates
- Cable thickness 5.35 mm

Next generation 24-tape CORC® wire bending

- *I*_c retention 85.9 % at 40 mm bend radius and 79 % at 35 mm bend radius
- CORC[®] cables wound from Shanghai Superconductor tapes now allow CCT magnets with 40 mm radius bends

In-field performance of CORC[®] wires: SuperPower HM tapes

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In-field performance of CORC[®] wires: SuperOx tapes

CORC [®] wire wound from SuperOx production tapes		B [T]	l _{quench} [A]	/ _c [A]	<i>n</i> - value	J _e [A/mm²]
 Using SuperOx-specific CORC[®] wire layout with 3.2 mm core 		6	8 <i>,</i> 554	9,744	7.7	648
Bend into 31.5 mm radius hairpin		7	8,221	8,913	8.3	623
• $I(11 \text{ T}) \text{ of } 510 \text{ A}/\text{mm}^2 \text{ and overapolated } I(20 \text{ T}) \text{ of } 398 \text{ A}/\text{mm}^2$		8	7,823	8,302	7.8	593
$J_e(111)$ of 510 A/min and exclapolated $J_e(201)$ of 588 A/min		9 10	7,407	7,750 7,720	7.0	500
 Larger core results in lower J_e than in standard CORC[®] wires with 2.55 mm core 		10.5	6,925	7,232	11.0	525
 CORC[®] wire performance is 79.6 % of total tape performance at 11 T 		11	6,731	6,883	12.0	510
(f) = (f)	$ \begin{array}{c} 10000 \\ 8000 \\ \hline 6000 \\ 4000 \\ 2000 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 8 \\ 10 \\ 12 \\ 14 \\ 16 \\ 18 \\ 20 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 8 \\ 10 \\ 12 \\ 14 \\ 16 \\ 18 \\ 20 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 8 \\ 10 \\ 12 \\ 14 \\ 16 \\ 18 \\ 20 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 8 \\ 10 \\ 12 \\ 14 \\ 16 \\ 18 \\ 20 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 8 \\ 10 \\ 12 \\ 14 \\ 16 \\ 18 \\ 20 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 8 \\ 10 \\ 12 \\ 14 \\ 16 \\ 18 \\ 20 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 8 \\ 10 \\ 12 \\ 14 \\ 16 \\ 18 \\ 20 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 1$		5,236*			388*

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In-field performance of CORC[®] wires: Shanghai Superconductor tapes

CORC[®]-based hybrid high-field CCT magnets operating at 4 K

Next generation of CORC® wires enable potential magnet CCT-C4

- Reduce the OD from 160 mm (CCT-C3) to less than 120 mm to fit future 11 T LTS CCT outsert
- 45 mm aperture, 6 layers, 40 turns per layer
- 20 mm bend radius at poles (compared to 30 mm radius for CCT-C3)

CCT-C4 SuperPower HM "option"

- Stand-alone dipole field of 8.9 T at 9.6 kA (100 % I_c)
- 5.3 T at 6.7 kA as insert within a 11 T outsert: 16.3 T total
- Combined dipole field of 15.77 T at 90 % *I*_c retention

CCT-C4 Shanghai Superconductor option

- Stand-alone dipole field of 7.1 T at 9 kA (100 % I_c)
- 4.7 T at 5.9 kA as insert within a 11 T outsert: 15.7 T total
- Combined dipole field of 15.23 T at 90 % *I*_c retention

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Stand-alone high-field CORC® CCT magnets at 4.2 K

Combining a CORC[®] CCT outsert with a CORC[®] CCT insert

- CORC[®] CCT outsert aperture 155 mm, 8 layers of 32-tape CORC[®] cable with 45 mm bend radius
- CORC[®] CCT insert aperture 50 mm, 8 layers of standard 30-tape CORC[®] wire with 20 mm bend radius

CORC® cable and wire based on SuperPower HM tape

- Insert: dipole field 6.2 T at 6.2 kA
- Outsert: dipole field 11.5 T at 15.9 kA
- Combined field of 17.7 T

CORC® cable and wire based on Shanghai Superconductor tape

- Insert: dipole field 5.8 T at 5.7 kA
- Outsert: dipole field 10.1 T at 13.3 kA
- Combined field of 15.9 T

Summary

Next generation CORC[®] cables wires addresses the main shortcomings of their previous generation

- CORC wires developed from REBCO tapes from different vendors
- Now have much better bending flexibility
- Have much higher $J_{e}(20 \text{ T})$ using production tapes at more than 90 % expected I_{c}

Smallest bending radius of 30-tape CORC® wires reduced by factor of over 2

- I_c retention of 97.5 % at 20 mm radius improved from 78 % I_c retention at 30 mm radius
- *I*_c retention of 83.5 % at 15 mm radius

In-field performance of 30-tape CORC[®] wires increased by factor of 1.5 – 1.8

- New record $J_e(20 \text{ T})$ of 530 A/mm² achieved in SuperPower HM based CORC[®] wire at 31.5 mm bending radius
- High J_e(20 T) of 465 A/mm² achieved in CORC[®] wire wound from Shanghai Superconductor production tape with 90 % I_c retention at 20 mm bending radius

Impact of next generation CORC[®] wires on accelerator magnet development

- Options for next CCT magnet with 7 8 T stand-alone, and 4 5 T in 11 T background field identified
- Current CORC[®] cables and wires made from production REBCO tapes now allow manufacturing of low-inductance 15 – 17 T HTS-only CCT accelerator magnets!

