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Recent progress on CORC®-based high-field magnet development

Danko van der Laan and Jeremy Weiss

Advanced Conductor Technologies & University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado, USA

Tim Mulder, Alexey Dudarev and Herman ten Kate

CERN, Geneva, Switzerland

H. Higley, S. O. Prestemon and X. Wang

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, Berkeley, California, USA

U.P. Trociewitz, D. Abraimov, A. Francis, J. Gillman, D.S. Davis, Y. Kim, V. Griffin, G. Miller, H.W. Weijers, L.D. Cooley, and D.C. Larbalestier

National High Magnetic Field Laboratory, Tallahassee, Florida, USA

Ramesh Gupta

Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton New York, USA

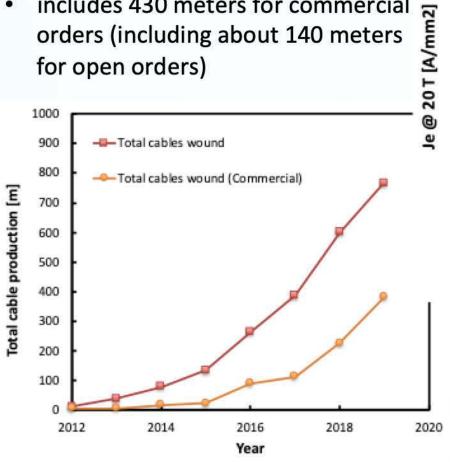


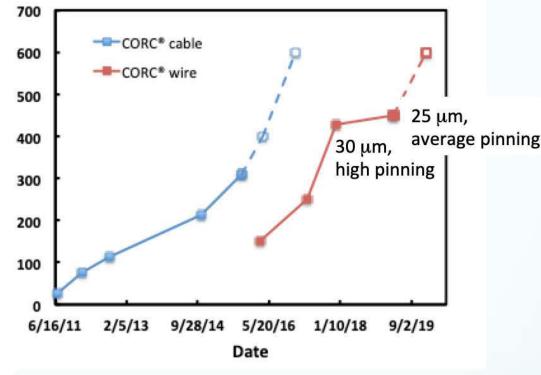


CORC® conductors a viable magnet conductor

Cumulative CORC® production

- about 800 meters since 2012
- includes 430 meters for commercial orders (including about 140 meters for open orders)





CORC® conductors

- $J_{\rm e}$ (20 T) > 450 A/mm²
- $I_{opp}(20 \text{ T}) > 6,500 \text{ A}$

More than enough performance and lengths to make magnets!





Several programs to develop CORC® magnets

Stand-alone CORC®-based accelerator magnets

- Develop the magnet technology needed to wind and support CORC® conductors
- Demonstrate the ability to wind long, high-quality CORC® wires
- Develop CORC® long wires with higher in-field performance
- Demonstrate magnet operation at 1, 3, 5 and eventually 8 T before developing 20 T LTS-HTS hybrid magnets

Canted-cosine-theta magnets developed at Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory

Individually-powered hybrid LTS/HTS CORC® magnets

- Demonstrate operation at high field, high current, high J_e and high hoop stress
- Develop the initial technology that would allow 25 30 T hybrid solenoids and eventually 40 – 60 T

CORC® solenoids tested at ASC-NHMFL and CERN/Univ. of Twente

Series-connected hybrid LTS/HTS CORC® magnets

- Demonstrate series-connected hybrid magnet operation at 10 kA
- Learn about quench protection

Common Coil at Brookhaven National Laboratory





CORC®-based Canted-Cosine-Theta accelerator magnets

Collaboration with Berkeley National Laboratory (Xiaorong Wang)

- Demonstrate 1 T (CCT-C1), 3 T (CCT-C2) and 5 T (CCT-C3) magnets
- When LTS CCT outserts become available, develop 5 7 T CORC®-CCT inserts that operate in 13 15 T outserts to deliver 20 T field

Stand-alone CORC® CCT-C1 magnet

- Use "low performance" CORC® wire (16 tapes)
- Learn how to wind CCT magnets from CORC® wires
- Demonstrate 1 T

Stand-alone CORC® CCT-C2 magnet

- Use "best average performance" CORC® wire (27 30 tapes)
- Wind long CORC® wires (20 30 meter lengths, 80 meters total)
- Demonstrate 3 T

Stand-alone CORC® CCT-C3 magnet

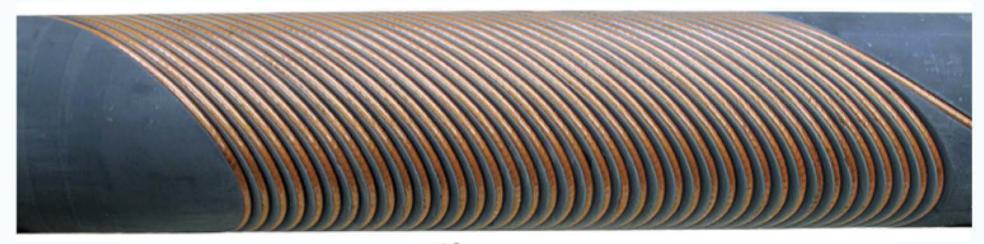
- Use "high-performance" CORC® wire (27 30 tapes), minimum I_c (4.2 K, 6 T)
- Wind long CORC® wires (20 40 meter lengths, 140 meters total)
- Demonstrate 5 T







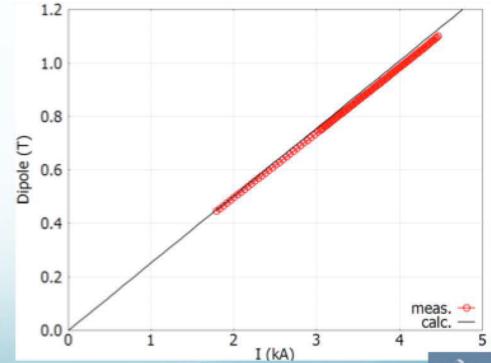
CORC®-based Canted-Cosine-Theta magnet CCT-C1



CCT-C1 magnet

- 2 layers, 40 turns/layer
- 3D printed Bluestone mandrels
- 20 meters of CORC® wire
- about 500 m of 2 mm wide tape with 30 μm substrate

1.1 T reached at 4,500 A







Development of magnet CCT-C2

Major steps in technical development

- 4 layers, 40 turns/layer
- 80 m of CORC® wire, about 4 km of tape
- Metal mandrels and Stycast impregnation











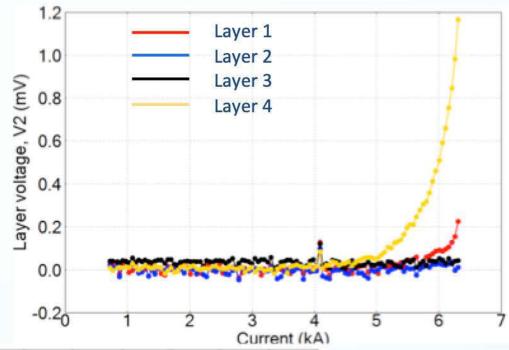
CCT-C2 Test at 4.2 K

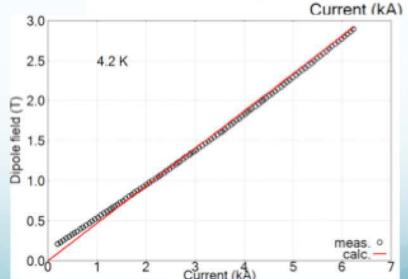
Test results at 4.2 K

- Peak dipole field 2.9 T (98 % of goal)
- Layer 4 started transitioning at 4.8 kA
- Likely caused by too large of tape I_c
 variation in the wire of layer 4

Below average tape pinning is the main reason for slightly lower performance

High-field magnets ask for minimum tape I_c at operating field











CORC®-CCT magnet development: CCT-C3

Magnet specifications CCT-C3

- Should deliver 5 T at 4.2 K
- 6-layer, 40-turns/layer
- 70 mm aperture, 60 mm min. bend

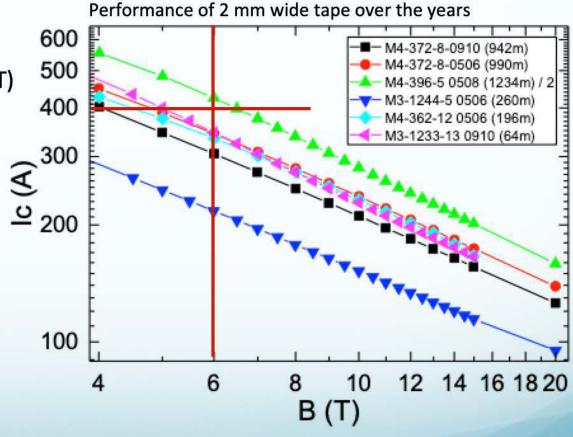
CORC® wire specifications CCT-C3

- 30-tape CORC® wire (30 μm)
- Total length about 140 meters

REBCO tape requirements

Minimum average I_c (4.2 K, 6 T)
 = 400 A for 2 mm wide tape

About 9 km of 2 mm wide tape expected in April/May 2020









High-field insert solenoid wound from CORC® cables

Phase II SBIR in collaboration with ASC-NHMFL

Address main challenges of low-inductance HTS magnets

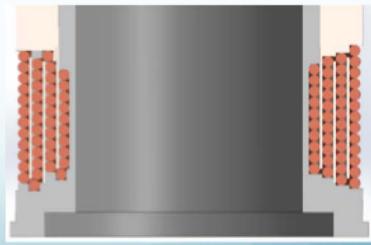
- Operate CORC® insert solenoid in 14 T background field
- CORC® insert should have meaningful bore: 100 mm diameter
- High operating current: 4,000 5,000 A
- $J_e > 200 \text{ A/mm}^2$
- Operate at JBr source stress >250 MPa

CORC® cable layout

- 28 REBCO tapes of 3 mm width containing 30 μm substrates
- 4.56 mm CORC® cable outer diameter

CORC® insert layout

- 100 mm inner diameter, 143 mm OD
- 4 layers, 45 turns
- 18.5 m of CORC® cable
- Wet-wound with Stycast 2850
- Stainless steel overbanding between layers



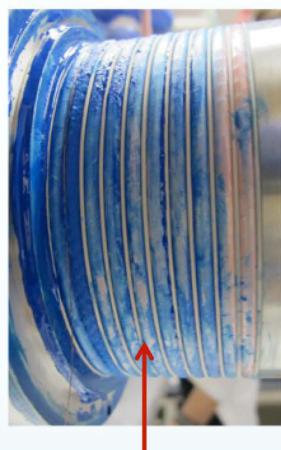




CORC® magnet winding



Wet-winding with Stycast



Co-wound voltage contacts and glass rope

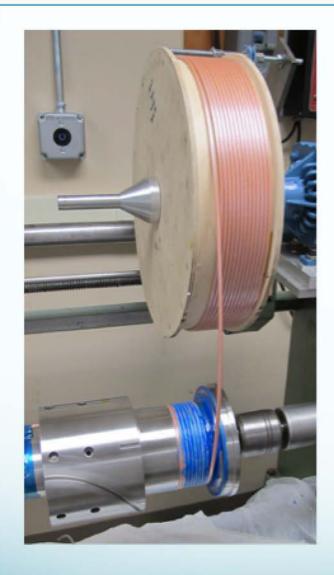


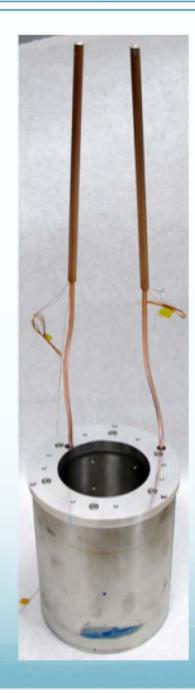
Interlayer stainless steel overbanding





CORC® magnet winding (Cont.)



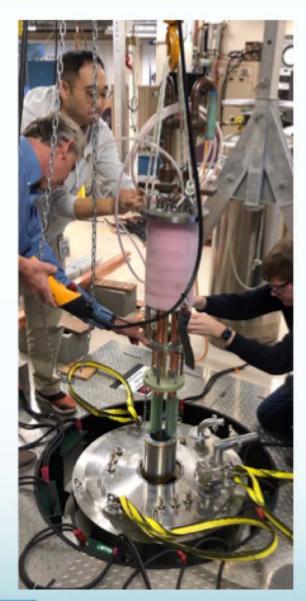






CORC® magnet installation











CORC® magnet test preparation

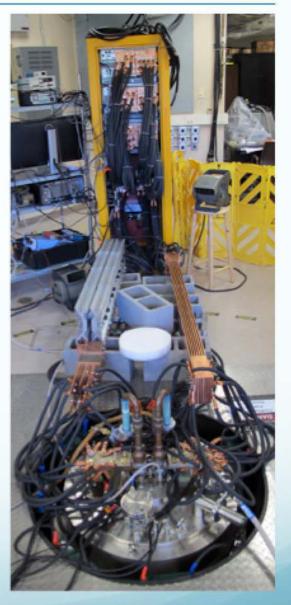
Magnet test details

- 14 T LTS outsert with 160 mm cold bore
- Insert current up to 7.2 kA with 6
 Sorenson 1.2 kA supplies in parallel
- Insert magnet protection includes dump resistor, high-current diodes and contactors to disconnect the power

supplies







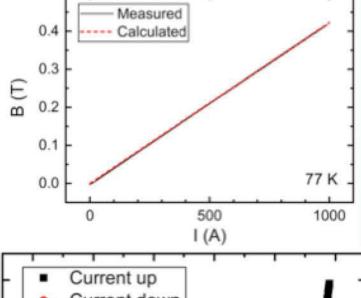


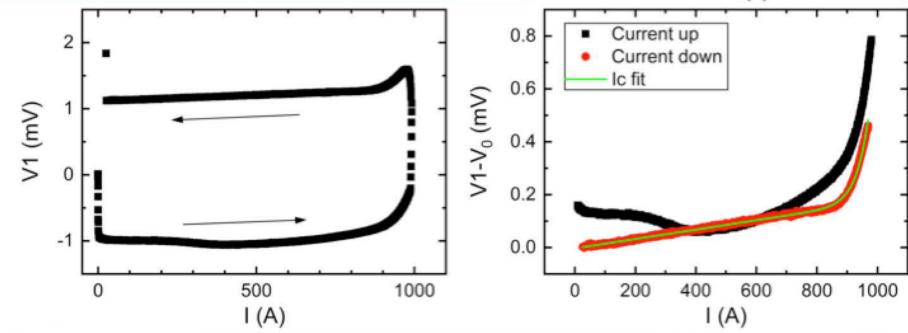


CORC® magnet test: 77 K, stand-alone

Results 77 K, stand-alone

- 0.63 T on conductor (at !.)
- Hall probe: 0.42 T central field (at I_c)
- Voltage measured with co-wound wires
- $I_c = 1,043 \text{ A} @ 1 \mu\text{V/cm} (18.5 \text{ m contact length})$
- n-value = 24.2
- Contact resistance 178 nΩ

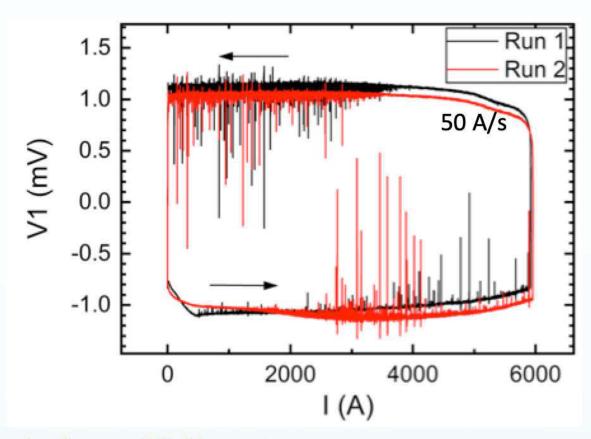








CORC® magnet test: 8 T background field



Results 8 T background field at 4.2 K

- Current ramped to 6 kA and back at 50 A/s
- No superconducting transition measured
- Inductive voltage shows many spikes from possible conductor movement

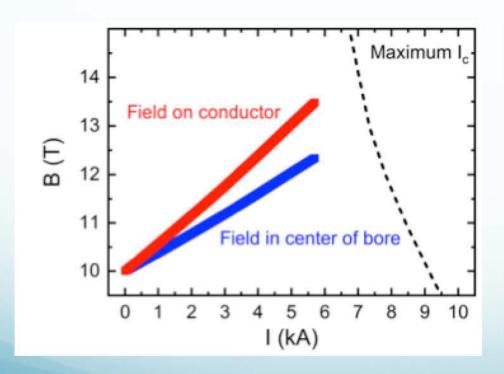


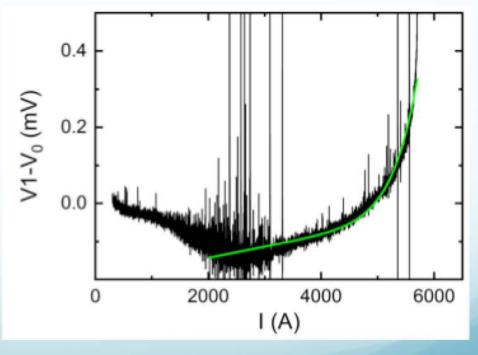


CORC® magnet test: 10 T background field

Results 10 T background field

- Peak current 5,500 A; central field 12.68 T, field on conductor 13.8 T
- $I_c = 6,485 @ 1 \mu V/cm$
- $I_c = 5,410 @ 0.1 \,\mu\text{V/cm}$
- Voltage spike tripped quench detector at 3 mV
- Dump of insert energy triggered partial LTS quench





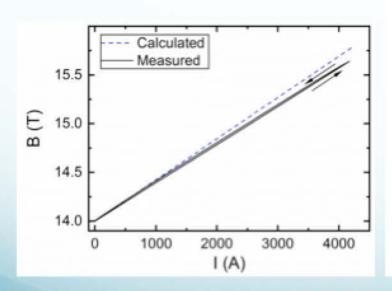


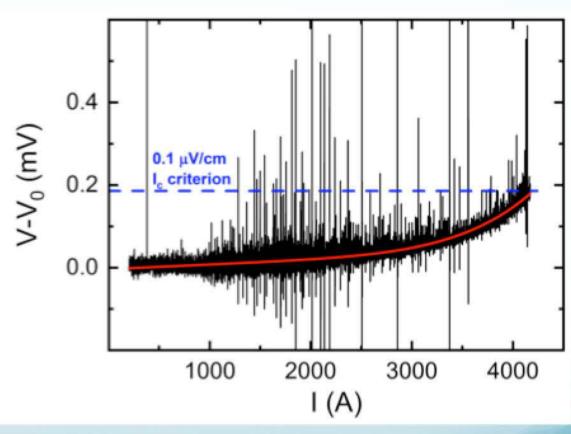


CORC® magnet test: 14 T background field

Results 14 T background field

- Maximum current 4,200 A to avoid quench trigger
- $I_c = 4,404 @ 0.1 \,\mu\text{V/cm}$
- Contact resistance 11.1 nΩ
- 15.86 T central field
- 16.77 T on conductor
- JBr source stress 275 MPa







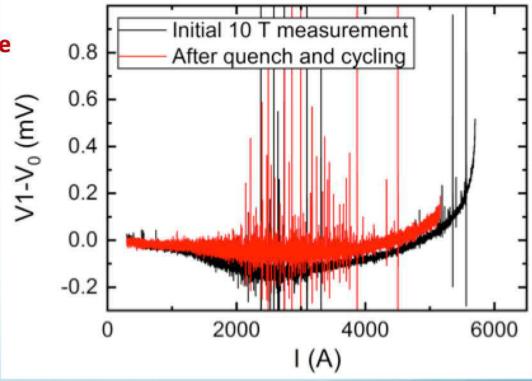


CORC® magnet test: final test at 10 T

Performance after measurement campaign

- Black curve: first measurement at 10 T followed by quench protection trigger
- Red curve: final measurement at 10 T after 10, 12 and 14 T tests, and 10 stress cycles at 10 T to 5 kA (220 Mpa hoop stress)
- First 10 T test: $I_c = 5,410 @ 0.1 \,\mu\text{V/cm}$
- Final 10 T test: $I_c = 5.315 @ 0.1 \,\mu\text{V/cm} (16^{th} \,\text{run})$

No degradation in CORC® performance after full measurement campaign







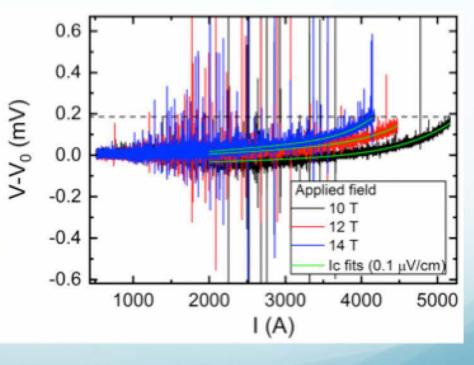
CORC® insert solenoid test: summary

CORC® insert impact

- First HTS insert magnet tested at high current (>1 kA) in a background field
- Highly stable operation into flux flow regime
- Stable operation likely due to current sharing between tapes in the CORC® cable
- Combination of high I, J, and JBr demonstrated at 16.8 T peak field

Applied field [T]	Central field at $I_{\rm c}$ [T]	Peak field at <u>[</u> , [T]	<u>/</u> (0.1 μV/cm) [A]	<i>n</i> -value [-]	J., [A/mm²]	J _e [A/mm²]	
10	12.25	13.35	5,315	7.9	203.9	340.3	
12	14.08	15.09	4,908	9.1	188.3	314.2	
14	15.86	16.77	4,404	10.5	168.9	281.9	

D. C. van der Laan, et al., under review at Supercond. Sci. Technol. (2020)







CORC® wire insert solenoid

CORC® wire insert magnet (Tim Mulder & Herman ten Kate)

A series of compact 2-layer CORC® solenoids developed at CERN to demonstrate practical handling, materials choices, conductor robustness, and high performance of CORC® wires for magnets. Exercise Coil

CORC® wire: 27 tapes (2 mm wide, 30 µm substrate).

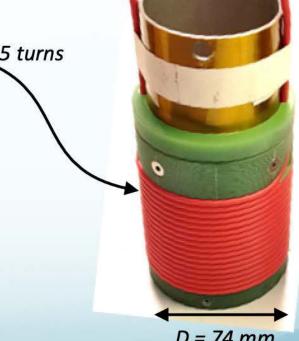
Coil ID 60 mm

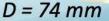
Peak field of 0.58 T / kA, central field of 0.48 T / kA.

Two layers, each 16.5 turns

Calculated in-field performance at 4.2 K

BG (T)	Ic (kA)	Peak field (T)	Central field (T)
0	9.76	5.73	4.69
2	8.56	7.02	6.12
4	7.39	8.34	7.55
6	6.50	9.81	9.13
8	5.83	11.4	10.8
10	5.20	13.0	12.5
12	4.74	14.5	14.3

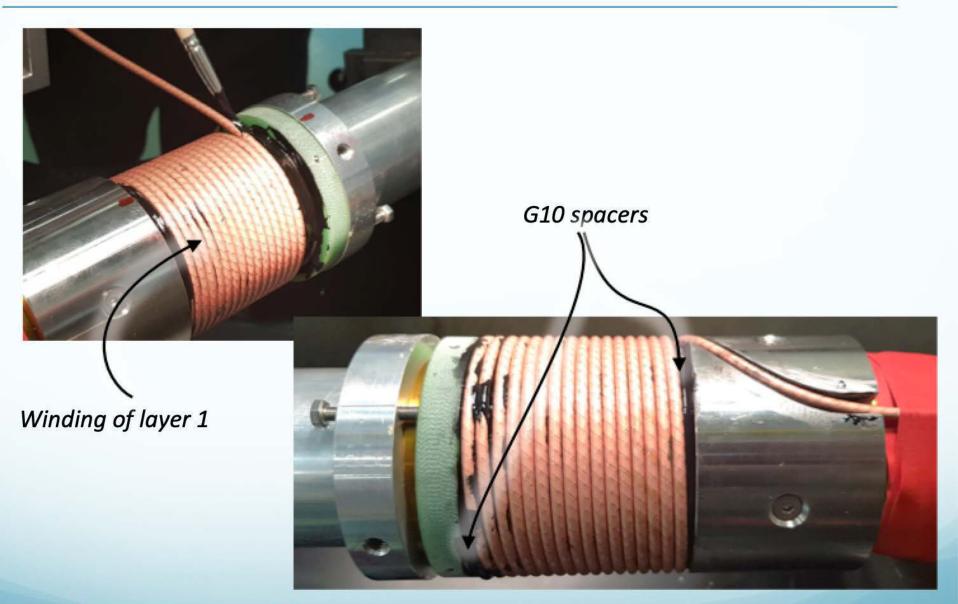


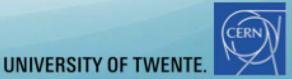




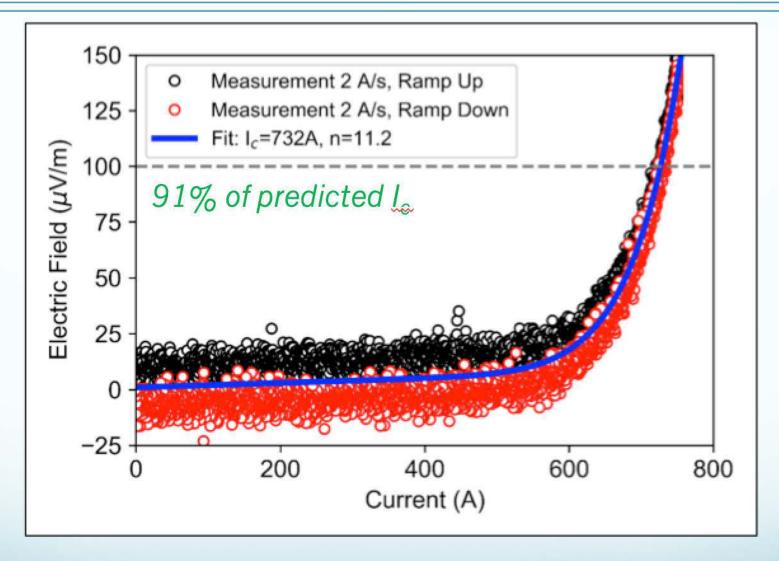


CORC® wire insert solenoid winding





CORC® wire insert solenoid test at 77 K



Next: in-field test at 4.2 K at the University of Twente

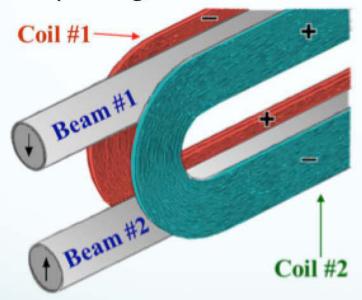




Series-connected Common Coil CORC® magnet

Collaboration with Brookhaven National Laboratory (Phase II STTR)

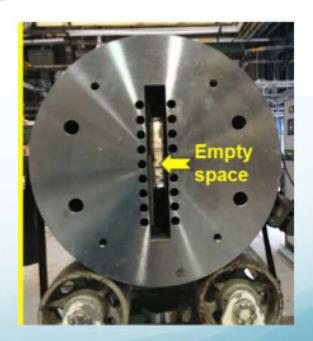
- 3 T CORC® cable common coil insert
- Combine with 10 T LTS common coil outsert
- Operating J_e 400 500 A/mm² (20 T)
- Operating current 10 kA in series with LTS outsert



Common coil benefits

- Only large bending diameters required
- Allowing CORC® cables to be used
- Allowing use of highest J_e cables



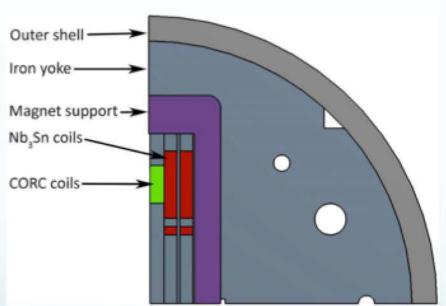


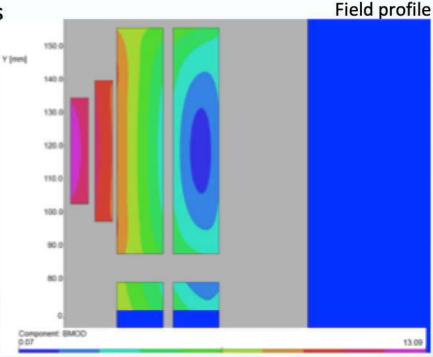


Common Coil magnet design and construction

Common Coil insert design to reach 13 T

- Based on a pair of double CORC® pancakes
- Overall CORC® cable length about 40 meters
- Conductor layout depends on tape !
- About 50 % of tapes have been received





Timeline

- MDP-funded CORC® coil quench test Q3 2020
- SBIR-funded 13 T series-connected CORC® coil (10 kA) test Q1-2 2021





Summary

